September 22, 2003

Ms. Carol Longoria Public Information Coordinator The University of Texas System 201 West 7th Street Austin, Texas 78701-2981

OR2003-6639

Dear Ms. Longoria:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under the Public Information Act (the "Act"), chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 187958.

The University of Texas System and The University of Texas at Austin, collectively referred to as "the Institutions," received essentially identical requests from the same requestor for copies of information concerning a specified automobile accident involving two named individuals. You inform us that the Institutions do not maintain information responsive to the portion of the request seeking witnesses' statements and investigative reports. You assert the remaining requested information is excepted from disclosure under sections 552.101, 552.103, and 552.107 of the Government Code. We reviewed the representative sample information you submitted and considered the exceptions you claim.

Initially, we note the submitted information contains an accident report form, ST-3, governed by chapter 550 of the Transportation Code. See Transp. Code § 550.064 (officer's accident

¹ The Act does not require a governmental body to disclose information that does not exist at the time a request is received or to create new information in response to a request. See Economic Opportunities Dev. Corp. v. Bustamante, 562 S.W.2d 266 (Tex. Civ. App.—San Antonio 1978, writ dism'd); Open Records Decision No. 452 at 3 (1986).

² We assume the representative sample of records submitted to this office is truly representative of the requested records as a whole. See Open Records Decision Nos. 499 (1988), 497 (1988). This open records letter does not reach and, therefore, does not authorize the withholding of any other requested records to the extent those records contain substantially different types of information than that submitted to this office.

report). Section 550.065(b) states that, except as provided by subsection (c), accident reports are privileged and confidential. Section 550.065(c)(4) provides for the release of accident reports to a person who provides two of the following three pieces of information: (1) date of the accident; (2) name of any person involved in the accident; and (3) specific location of the accident. See Transp. Code § 550.065(c)(4). This provision requires the Department of Public Safety or another governmental entity to release a copy of an accident report to a person who provides the agency with two or more pieces of information specified by the statute. Id. The requestor has provided the Institutions with two of the three requisite pieces of information. Therefore, the Institutions must release the ST-3 accident report we have marked, in its entirety, to the requestor in accordance with section 550.065(c)(4) of the Transportation Code. See also Open Records Decision No. 623 at 3 (1994) (exceptions to public disclosure under Act generally not applicable to information that another statute expressly makes public).

With respect to the remainder of the submitted information, we address your arguments under section 552.103 of the Government Code. This provision provides, in pertinent part, as follows:

(a) Information is excepted from [required public disclosure] if it is information relating to litigation of a civil or criminal nature to which the state or a political subdivision is or may be a party or to which an officer or employee of the state or a political subdivision, as a consequence of the person's office or employment, is or may be a party.

. . . .

(c) Information relating to litigation involving a governmental body or an officer or employee of a governmental body is excepted from disclosure under Subsection (a) only if the litigation is pending or reasonably anticipated on the date that the requestor applies to the officer for public information for access to or duplication of the information.

Gov't Code § 552.103(a), (c). The governmental body has the burden of providing relevant facts and documents sufficient to establish the applicability of section 552.103 to the information that it seeks to withhold. To meet this burden, the governmental body must demonstrate: (1) litigation was pending or reasonably anticipated on the date of its receipt of the request for information and (2) the information at issue is related to that litigation. See Univ. of Tex. Law Sch. v. Tex. Legal Found., 958 S.W.2d 479 (Tex. App.—Austin 1997, no pet.); Heard v. Houston Post Co., 684 S.W.2d 210 (Tex. App.—Houston [1st Dist.] 1984, writ ref'd n.r.e.); see also Open Records Decision No. 551 at 4 (1990). Both elements of the test must be met in order for information to be excepted from disclosure under section 552.103 of the Government Code. Id.

To establish the applicability of section 552.103, you provide supporting documentation showing that The University of Texas at Austin is a defendant in Cause No. 03-06-17702-CVR, pending in the 143rd Judicial District Court, Reeves County, Texas. You inform us, and the petition also indicates, that the plaintiffs filed the lawsuit on June 30, 2003. Therefore, we find the Institutions have established the first prong of the litigation exception as the Institutions were engaged in pending litigation on July 2, 2003, the date the Institutions received the request for information. Further, upon review of the submitted information, we agree that it is related to the pending litigation for purposes of section 552.103(a). Thus, the Institutions may withhold the remainder of the submitted information under section 552.103 of the Government Code.

However, we note that once the information has been obtained by all parties to the pending litigation, no section 552.103(a) interest exists with respect to that information. Open Records Decision No. 349 at 2 (1982). Also, the applicability of section 552.103(a) ends when the litigation is concluded. Attorney General Opinion MW-575 (1982) at 2; Open Records Decision Nos. 350 at 3 (1982), 349 at 2 (1982).

In summary, the Institutions must release the ST-3 accident report, which we have marked, in accordance with section 550.065(c)(4) of the Transportation Code. The Institutions may withhold the remainder of the submitted information under section 552.103 of the Government Code. As section 552.103 is dispositive, we need not address your other claimed exceptions.

This letter ruling is limited to the particular records at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us; therefore, this ruling must not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other records or any other circumstances.

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For example, governmental bodies are prohibited from asking the attorney general to reconsider this ruling. Gov't Code § 552.301(f). If the governmental body wants to challenge this ruling, the governmental body must appeal by filing suit in Travis County within 30 calendar days. *Id.* § 552.324(b). In order to get the full benefit of such an appeal, the governmental body must file suit within 10 calendar days. *Id.* § 552.353(b)(3), (c). If the governmental body does not appeal this ruling and the governmental body does not comply with it, then both the requestor and the attorney general have the right to file suit against the governmental body to enforce this ruling. *Id.* § 552.321(a).

If this ruling requires the governmental body to release all or part of the requested information, the governmental body is responsible for taking the next step. Based on the statute, the attorney general expects that, within 10 calendar days of this ruling, the governmental body will do one of the following three things: 1) release the public records; 2) notify the requestor of the exact day, time, and place that copies of the records

will be provided or that the records can be inspected; or 3) notify the requestor of the governmental body's intent to challenge this letter ruling in court. If the governmental body fails to do one of these three things within 10 calendar days of this ruling, then the requestor should report that failure to the attorney general's Open Government Hotline, toll free, at (877) 673-6839. The requestor may also file a complaint with the district or county attorney. *Id.* § 552.3215(e).

If this ruling requires or permits the governmental body to withhold all or some of the requested information, the requestor can appeal that decision by suing the governmental body. *Id.* § 552.321(a); *Texas Dep't of Pub. Safety v. Gilbreath*, 842 S.W.2d 408, 411 (Tex. App.—Austin 1992, no writ).

Please remember that under the Act the release of information triggers certain procedures for costs and charges to the requestor. If records are released in compliance with this ruling, be sure that all charges for the information are at or below the legal amounts. Questions or complaints about over-charging must be directed to Hadassah Schloss at the Texas Building and Procurement Commission at (512) 475-2497.

If the governmental body, the requestor, or any other person has questions or comments about this ruling, they may contact our office. We note that a third party may challenge this ruling by filing suit seeking to withhold information from a requestor. Gov't Code § 552.325. Although there is no statutory deadline for contacting us, the attorney general prefers to receive any comments within 10 calendar days of the date of this ruling.

Sincerely,

Christen Sorrell

Assistant Attorney General Open Records Division

Christer Sur. Of

CHS/seg

Ref: ID# 187958

Enc: Submitted documents

c: Mr. Hank Kidd

Franklin, Cardwell & Jones 1001 McKinney, 18th Floor Houston, Texas 77002 (w/o enclosures)